تعليم اللغة الإنجليزية بسهولة

دار نزهة الألباب تعليم اللغة الإنحليزية

<u> Unit 1</u> Water

cycle	دورة
salt water	الماء المالح
fractions	الكسور
express	يعبر عن
Percentage	نسبة مئوية
percent %	بالمائة
remote	نعتد
affect	يؤثر على
nearly	تقريبا
surface	سطح
evaporate	يتبخر
heat	حرارة
tiny = very small	صغير
underground water	المياه الجوفية
source	مصدر
dam	سد
prevent	يمنع
lie in	يقع في / يوجد في

unusable	غير مستخدم
mention	يذكر
industry	الصناعة
purpose	غرض / هدف
atomic power	الطاقة الذرية
world wide	في كل أنحاء العالم
cultivation	الزراعة
irrigation	الري
increase	يزداد
population	عدد السكان
fractions	الكسور
demand	طلب / حاجة
precious	ثمین
actually	في الواقع
directly	مباشرة
reservoir	خزان ماء
bore-holes	العيون المائية
antibiotics	المضادات الحيوية

معدل

Word study القسمة الاد

average:

a *number* you get by adding and dividing.

demand:

بحيرة a *need* for something.

Fraction :-

part or parts of a whole number.

<u>lake :</u>

منطقة

محاطة ب

خطأ a large area of water surrounded by land.

<u>mistake :</u> مصدر

Something which is *not correct*.

<u>Lie ;-</u>

to say something false.

source:

واحة **Origin** . a place where things **come from** .

unusable:

can not be <u>used</u>.

<u>Verbs</u>

			1				
become	became	become	ٰ يصبح	break	broke	broken	یکسر
buy	bought	bought	يشتري	draw	drew	drawn	يرسم
begin	began	begun	يبدأ	build	built	built	يبني
catch	caught	caught	يمسك	drive	drove	driven	يقود

Questions and answers

ا اهمية الماء ؟ ? Hat is the importance of water ? ? اهمية الماء ؟

النبات الحيوان الناس على الأرض للحياة العمود الفقري

Water is the backbone of life on earth . It helps people , animals and plants to live .

2- What are the main sources of water ? ما هي مصادر المياه

سدود بحيرات أنهار عياه جوفية مياه المطر الأساسية

The main sources of water are : rain water , underground water , rivers , lakes , dams and reservoirs . خزانات

a-What is water used for? ? المياه المياه

الصناعة الري الزراعة الغسيّل الطبخ الشرب تستخدم في

Water is used for drinking, cooking, washing, cultivation, irrigation and industry.

What are dams for ? ? فيم تستخدم السدود ؟

للبحر الرجوع من ماء المطر تمنع

They prevent rain water from returning to the sea.

What are reservoirs? ما هي الخزانات

على مدار العام ماء الشرب توفر السدود خلف تتكون

They are formed behind dams to provide drinking water all year round.

What is a lake? ما هي البحيرة

الأرض محاطة مساحة كبيرة

A large area of water <u>surrounded</u> by land.

What is an oasis? ما هي الواحة

في الصحراء من الأرض جزء أخضر

It is **green** part of land in the desert.

لماذا سوف تكون المياه أكثر أهمية ؟ ? Why will water be more precious

Because the number of population are increasing rapidly . μ

Word Study Exercises

clouds	nearly سحب		reservoir تقريبا	
خزان demand	power stations حاجة	حطة طاقة	underground	تحت الأرض
Evaporates مستخدم	percentage يتبخر	ة مئوية	ىس unusable	غير

طلب demand → يزداد 1- increase

The <u>demand</u> for soft drinks <u>increases</u> in hot weather.

2-thief الص lied بكذب

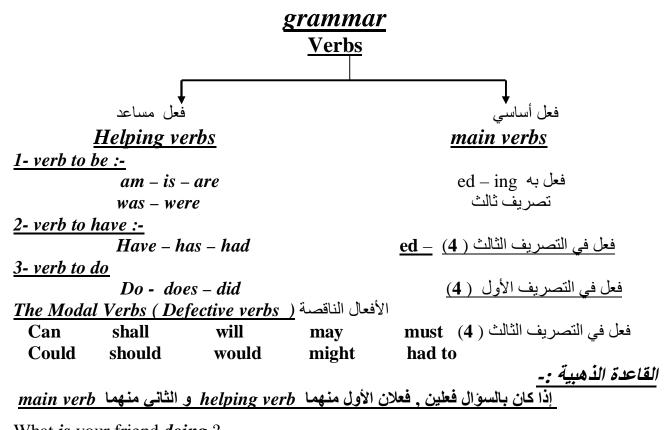
The *thief* said that he had not taken the money but he *lied*

3-away بعيد remote بعيد عيد عامد عيد عيد عامد ع

Some people like to 4- 12:59 It's 12:59. It's <u>nearth</u>	► almost/ nearly		y from towns and cities.
5-geologists وجبين <i>Geologists</i> and expl			
6- old قديم This washing-mach	· ·		nusable
7-falcons صفر It is good to see <u>falc</u>		the <u>sky</u> .	
8- oil بترول Many <i>power station</i>	-	محطة طاقة ation	
9-spill بسكب If you <u>spill</u> petrol or	-		
رفاف 10-wedding My whole family ha			ending my brother's wedding.
	The Water C	ء في الطبيعة <u>ycle</u>	دورة الما
The heat of th ن أحيانا and sometimes fo	ne sun makes water السحب تكو orms clouds .The o	evaporate from t السحب تهب السحب clouds are blown	السماء في ترتفع البحر he sea . It rise into the sky الأرض على over the land .When the تذهب الى نهر تصبح
drops become to خلف خزان	o heavy ,rain falls ستخدم في سد	The water beco. ت ب الغسيل ت	mes a river that goes into الحمام الشر،
a reservoir behind <i>Choose the right</i>		for washing ,drin	king and for the toilet.
_	Of the world is	s covered with wa	ter.
(a) 20%	(b) 25%	(c) 50%	(d) 75%
2 We cannot drink (a) too much	sea water because (b) remote	it is	(d) salty
3-Tiny drops of wat (a) sea	er evaporate from (b) sun	the sea by the hea (c) earth	t of the
4- About 80% of the <i>(a) the desert</i>			 (d) land
5- The largest sourc (a) the sea			(d) the Pacific Ocean
6-Water in Antarctic (a) salty	ca is	(c) unusable	(d) precious

	r in Antarctica ca (b) too little	nnot be used because (c) remote	
8- We only drink <i>a- percentage</i>		of water . c- present	(d) present
	_	so , it is	
	•		place in the desert . d- populated
11- A		ep water all year rou c- reservoir	nd . <i>d- oasi</i> s
12- The		ece of land in the des	sert . d- oasis
13- A	Prevent rainwa b- lake	ter from returning to c- reservoir	
14- A	_	water surrounded by <i>c-reservoir</i>	y land . d- oasis
		holes are kinds of nd water	
16- The half of a a-quarter	half is		d- eighth
17- The quarter of a-quarter			d- eighth
	of rainwat b- two fifth	ter goes back to the s c- three fifth	sea . d- four fifth .
	•	e electricity is produ on c-Fire station	
20- Water is a- solidified	-	eat of the sun . c- evaporated	d- tested
21- When the dro	ps of water becom b- falls	ne too heavy, rain c-ends	
22- Water come to a- wells		 c- pipes	d- dams

دار نزهة الألباب تعليم اللغة الإنحليزية



What *is* your friend *doing*?

Where <u>were</u> the car <u>mended</u>?

What *is* your aim of the journey?

What *are* the main uses of water?

Where <u>does</u> your friend work?

What *did* she *buy* from the market?

How long *have* you *been* there ?

Verb to be :-

إذا كان هو الفعل الوحيد في الجملة فإنه يكون فعل أساسي main verb

What *is* your aim of the journey?

What *are* the main uses of water?

Where were your friends?

و إذا كان هناك فعلين فإن الأول منهما helping verb و الثاني منهما

What *is* your friend *doing*?

Where *were* the car *mended*?

When \underline{was} that disease $\underline{discovered}$?

Why is your friend running so fast?

2- Verb to have

Helping verb:			n verb:		
Helping verb:	••••	Mair	n verb:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Helping verb:	Hov	v to as <mark>k</mark> a q	uestion)	
	Yes	, / No, que	stions	ارمواجه مد	إذا كان بالجملة فع
1-verb to be:_	(am – i s	s – are – wa	s – were)	ن مسکو من	
2-verb to have	(have – l	has – had)			
3-defective verbs :-	can	shall	will	may	must
	could	should	would	might	had to
	عل	ساعد على الفا	م نقدم الفعل الم	yes, no (فإننا نحذف (not
2- No, they can't speak 0 3- Yes, he has finished h 4- No, we won't come to 5- Yes, she was in India 6- No, we were not at ho 7- Yes, he will be ready 8- No, it isn't serious. 9- Yes, I am going home 10- Yes, we are ready to	nis work . comorrow . last month me yesterd . c in 20 minu lave now .	ay . ites . <mark>تخدم :</mark> رع بسيط بدون	عد , فإننا نس	جملة فعل مسا إذا كان الفعا	? ? ? ?
		ة مضارع بسيط			
				ماضی بسیط (ا	
1-Yes we go to school or	n Thursday	•	•••••		?
2-No, I don't like drinkir	ng soft drin	ks .	•••••		?
3-Yes, they finish on tim	e.		• • • • • • • • •		?
4-No, we don't play foot	ball every o	day .			?
5-Yes, my friend speaks	three foreig	gn language	s		?
6-No, my father doesn't	work in Ma	ahalla .	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	?
7-Yes, the teacher speaks	s English al	ll the time.			?
8-yes, they finished early	yesterday				?
9-No, we didn't come ho	me late las	t night .	•••••	•••••	?

10-Yes, he started very early work last night.	?
11-Yes, the thief escaped from the police.	?
12-Yes, we arrived at ten o'clock yesterday.	?

تكوين السؤال

كلمة الاستفهام	تسال عن
ماذا ما	تسأل عن الأشياء
أين Where	تسال عن المكان in/on/at + اسم المكان
	home-school-table
when متى	<u>تسأل عن الزمان</u> السنة – الشهر – اليوم – اسم الساعة
	6 o'clock- Tomorrow-yesterday – Rajab
Who من	<u>تسأل عن الأشخاص</u> إذا كان المسنول عنه <u>فاعلا</u> , نضعها في أول الجملة بدلا من الفاعل
	و إذا كان المسئول عنه <u>مفعولا</u> , نطبق خطوتي تكوين السؤال.
لماذا Why	تسأل عن السبب
v v ii.j	to + المصدر + because + المصدر + to + المصدر
كيف How	الإجابة → وسيلة المواصلات + by
	carefully – silently الحال
How many	تمييز العدد + العدد
كم العدد	5 pens – 3 books
How much	جنيه 50 riyals (الثمن)
كم الثمن / الكمية	(الكمية) two litres – kilos
How often	الإجابة مرتبن twice - مرة
كم عدد المرات	+ times Three times – many times
کم How long	3 hours / 2 days / 5 weeks –/10 months
المدة / الطول	5 metres / 6 kilometres
How old	20 years old – 50 years old
كم العمر	بالعدد + years old

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<u>Wh question</u> الذي يبدأ بكلمة استفهام
1-verb to be:_
                      (am - is - are - was - were)
2-verb to have
                     (have - has - had)
3-defective verbs :-
                                shall
                                          will
                     can
                                                      may
                                                                 must
                                 should
                                                      might
                                                                  had to
                      could
                                           would
```

دار نزهة الألباب تعليم اللغة الإنحليزية

	نا ثم نقدم الفعل المساعد و نضعه بعد كلمة الاستفهام	<u>غاز</u>
	ا إذا لم يكن بالجملة فعل مساعد, فإننا نستخدم:	أم
Do \longrightarrow	إذا كان الفعل بالجملة مضارع بسيط بدون ع	
م نحذف s م نحذف	إذا كان الفعل الاساسي بالجملة مضارع بسيط به ع أ	
	إذا كان الفعل ماضى بسيط (التصريف الثانى) ثم نرده إلى	
1-Smoking affects	What ?	

1-Smoking affects	٦	What	?
2- Some westerners suffer from	1	How	?
3-Tests are done	W	here	?
4-researchers have concluded.		What	?
5-The patient all the pain		<u>When</u>	?
6-He is able to choose		What	?
7-He was expected to arrive	••••	When	?
8-They will travel abroad.		<u>How</u>	?
9-The old man walks very slow	vly.	<u>When</u>	?
10-The boy broke the window	of the class.	<u>Why</u>	?
11-They have painted the new	house .	<u>When</u>	?
*******	******	******	******
	ِ القاعل على القعل المساء <u>it</u> للمقرد المؤز	ب <i>كلمتي</i> 2- نقدم ضمير	للإجابة على سؤال يبدأ بفع 1- نبدأ الإجابة ب Yes,/ No, -2 -[للجمع <u>they</u>
Did Islam reach distant China b	by sea and by land?	Yes, it did	
2-Was there a large Muslim for	ce on the borders?	Yes,	
3-Is Islam the religion of 15 mi	llion Chinese?	No,	
4-Are they spread all over the o	country?	Yes,	
5- Do they all look the same?			
6-Have some of them become		No,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	wealthy farmers?		
7-Have there been periods of d	•	Yes,	
7-Have there been periods of d 8- Are there Suqs in America?	ifficulty?	Yes,	

10-Did he stay there all his life?	No,
11-Was the weather sometimes terrible?	Yes,
12-Had he read about China?	No,
13- Should we be grateful to him?	Yes,
Writing mist	<u>akes</u>
<u> 1- capital letters :-</u>	الحروف الكبيرة _
المدن, الأماكن العامة و أسماء الشوارع	1- الحرف الأول من أسماء الأشخاص, الدول,
\underline{A} li – Egypt – \underline{S} outh \underline{A} frica – \underline{M} akkah – \underline{B} awadi	– <u>K</u> ing Fahd <u>H</u> ospital
محيطات و السلاسل الجبلية: -	2- الحرف الأول من أسماء البحار و الأنهار و الـ
<u>R</u> ed sea – <u>R</u> iver <u>N</u> ile – <u>T</u> he <u>A</u> tlantic – <u>T</u> he <u>P</u> acif	fic – <u>T</u> he <u>H</u> imalayas
ت و الأيام و الشهور و الألقاب :-	3- الحرف الأول من المواد و اللغات و الجنسيان
<u>H</u> istory – <u>E</u> nglish – <u>F</u> rench – <u>S</u> audi – <u>S</u> unday –	<u>R</u> amadan – <u>M</u> r. – <u>D</u> r. – <u>K</u> ing
2-comma	:-
لك بعد ذلك بعد ذلك التالي أو لا	۔ أخيرا بعد ذ
. First, /. Next, /. Then, /. After that, /. La	
He studied his lessons <i>then</i> he wrote homework	
<u>first</u> you have to buy a new camera	(First,)
منذ قبل بعد لأن بينما عندما When – While – As- After – Refore – Since – As	2- بعد الجملة الأولى إذا كانت مسبوقة برابط من بمحدد أن
When - While - As- After - Before - Since - As	s soon as
When he phoned me, I was sleeping at home.	
While we were playing, he broke his leg.	
	3- بعد ظرف الزمان إذا بدأت به الجملة:-
سنة شهر أسبوع القادم الماضي <u>Last / Next +</u> زمن <u>week</u> , – month , – year	شناء صيف r Summor winter
	, – summer ,– wimer ,
Tomorrow, / Yesterday, - During	

<u>Tomorrow</u>, Ali is going to buy a car.

Yesterday, I visited my friend Ali.

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During the break, we played football.
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4- بعد كل عنصر في قائمة تحتوي: - أسماء _ أعداد _ أفعال

He bought pens, books, rulers, erasers, and notebooks.

He bought 5 pens , 3 books , 2 rulers , 4 erasers and 7 notebooks .

He studied his lessons, wrote homework and watched TV

التوافق بين الفاعل و الفعل الذي يأتي بعده:s فعل به plays فاعل مفر د has is – was doesn't s فعل بدون plavفاعل جمع are were have don't Some boys *goes* to school late . (go)My friend *don't* make noise in class . (*doesn't*) Water *move* underground. (moves)

استبدال but – or بكلمة and

He is clever \underline{but} polite. (\underline{and})

She is beautiful \underline{or} rich. (\underline{and})

ابوستروف الملكية قبل S' و ليس بعدها

to)

Faisal<u>s'</u> life Faisal<u>'s</u> life

الخطأ في كلمات :- to - two

رائما تأتي في نهاية الجملة للجملة الجملة ال

two Jeddah

She is beautiful $\underline{, two}$. ($\underline{, too}$)

التضعيف عند إضافة <u>ed/ing</u>

اذا انتهت الكلمة بحرف متحرك يسبقه حرف ساكن نضعف الأخير قبل اضافة ed / ing

too Dammam

Sto<u>pped</u> pla<u>nned</u> Sto<u>pping</u> pla<u>nning</u>

<u>لانضعف w أ و y</u>

bowed bowing stayed staying

Full Stop

1-عند اكتمال المعنى و تعرف ذلك عندما تجد أن هناك فاعلاً آخر قد وجد مثل He / They

He went to school at 7:00 he went back home at 1:30

a.m. / p.m. / e.g./ Mr. / Mrs. / Dr. -: 2- بعد الاختصارات

I always get up at 6:00 a m

(a. m.)

Mr and Mrs Al Ali visited Dr Ahmad at 7:00 pm (Mr. – Mrs. – Dr.)

Unit Two Conservation

urgent need	حاجة ماسة / عاجلة
reporter	معلق
conservation	حماية الطبيعة
hunting	صيد الحيوان
shoot	يطلق النار / يقذف الكرة
warden	حارس الغابة
rhinoceros	وحيد القرن
poacher	قناص
prohibited = forb	ممنوع idden
nowadays	هذه الأيام
endangered	معرضة للخطر
wildlife park	محمية للحياة البرية
species	فصيلة / فصائل
exist =found	يوجد / يعيش
botanical	نباتي
predict	يتنبأ
extinction	انقر اض
rate = average	معدل
efficiently	بكفاءة
whale	حوت

hunters صياد كنتيجة لذلك as a result disappear يختفي التلو ث pollution environment البيئة بسبب cause قطع الغابات deforestation المنطقة الاستوائية tropics يخلق / يبدع create fuel وقود damage = destroyيدمر threatened with مهددب الحشر ات insects يعتمد على depend on البقاء على قيد الحياة survival يحسن / يطور improve کوکب planet مبيدات حشرية pesticides مخلوقات creatures run away = escapeيهرب

Word study

قطع الغابات

deforestation :

Cutting down forests . الغابات

أسمدة

fertilizers: مادة تجعل مادة

A <u>substance</u> to make plants grow faster.

غاية

مملوءة مساحة كبيرة forest:

A large area full of trees . أشجار

حشرات

ainsect: حيوان صغير

A *small animal* with six legs.

كوكب

يدور حول يدور حول

A body which orbits the sun.

يمنع

<u>prohibit</u>

Do not <u>allow</u> . لا يسمح

الغابات الإستوائية

خط الاستواء مجاور لـ منطقة خط الاستواء مجاور لـ

The hot region close to the equator.

مرئي

<u>visible</u>

مرئي Can be <u>seen</u>

حوت

whale : large sea animal . حيوان بحري

<u>Verbs</u>

eat fall feed fly	ate fell fed flew	eaten fallen fed flown	يسقط يطعم	feel fight find forget	fought found	felt fought found forgotten	یشعر یحارب یجد ینسی
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Questions and answers

1-What is a reporter?

يعمل *الرجل*

التليفزيون الراديو جريدة

He is a man who works for a <u>newspaper</u>, a radio, or a television.

a-What is a warden ? من هو الحارس

غابة الحياة البرية يحمى

He is a man who *protects* wildlife in the forest.

صريح بدون يصيد سمك يصيد حيوان

He is a man who hunts or fishes without permission

4-What does "Conservation" mean ? ماذا تعنى الحماية

معرضة للخطر نباتات حيوان حماية تعنى

It means *protecting* animals and plants which are endangered.

ماذا يعنى الإنقراض ? 5-What does "extinction" mean

لا توجد نبأتات حيوان فصائل عديدة تعنى

It means that many species of animals and plants *do not exist*.

6-What are the main causes of extinction of animals? ما هي الأسباب الأساسية لانقراض الحيوان هذه الأيام بكفاءة

People hunts and fishes efficiently nowadays.

- تلوث البيئة . 1-Pollution of the environment
- 2-Deforestation in the tropics . قطع الغابات في المنطقة الاستوائية

7-What does deforestation mean ? ? ماذا نقصد بقطع الغابات ؟ يتعنى تعنى الغابات تدمير تعنى

It means cutting down or destroying forests.

8-Why do people cut down their forests? ? ! لماذا يقطع اناس الغابات

للزراعة أرض لخلق وقود البنآء خشب

Because they need wood for building and fuel and to create more land for agriculture.

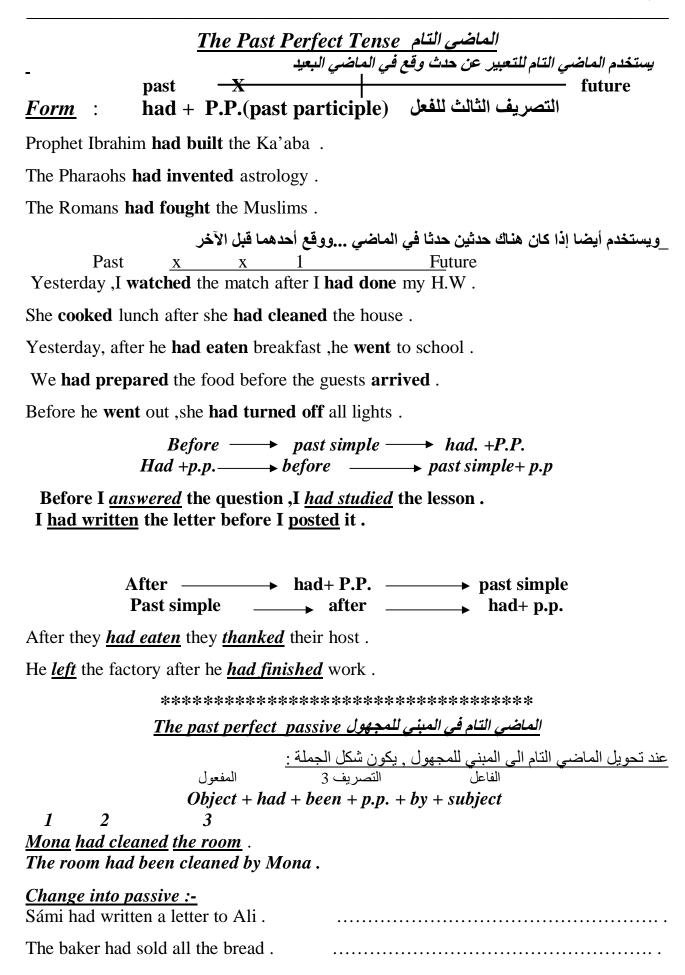
Vocabulary Exercises

is a man who w b-reporter	orks for a newspape c-poacher	er , radio and TV. <i>d-hunter</i>
is a man who prote b-reporter	ct wildlife in the for c-poacher	est . d-hunter
	ts or fishes without p c-poacher	
	nimals and plants whe	nich are endangered . <i>d- Hunting</i>
	species of animals a c- Extinction	
 down or destroying b- Conservation	forests . c- Extinction	d- Hunting
the largest animal ob -rhinoceros		d-tiger
substance to make b-Pesticide	plants grow faster . c- Fertilizer	d- Fuel
large area full of tro		d- dam
are the hot region clob-Oases	-	d- Dams
	nust write the reply n	now . y d- not important
	kill unwanted insec	

13	means to 1	talk about w	hat may hap	nen ii	n the future .	
a- Ifect			- Die out	_		r
· ·	*****	*Word Si	tudy Exer	cises	5 ***********	
conservation	حماية	mean	/يقصد	يعني ′	species	فصيلة
extinction	انقر اض				tropical	استوائي
face	يواجه	rate			urgent	ء عاجل
forest	غابة	source		مصدر	visible	مرئ <i>ي</i>
	1-anima	حیوانات _S		nctio	انقراضn	
No one wants	to see the ext			th's <u>a</u>	<u>ınimals</u> .	
	ىرىغ 2-fast	<u> </u>	→	rate	معدل	
2. Saudi Arabi	a built most o	f its highwa	ys at a very j	^f ast <u>re</u>	<u>ate</u> between 198	81 and 1990.
3	8- environme	nt البيئة	─ ~	conse	حماية rvation	
3. Most govern					of the <i>environi</i>	<u>ment</u> .
	4- elephant			_	فصيلة ecies	
4. The African	·				_	
7 F 1	_			Mar	المريخ S:	
5. The fourth <u>p</u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e	444*	
6 A lot of nom	6- Canada		→ m Dussis is a		خابات rests	
6. A lot of nor	7- source				ation معلومات	
7 John: What					معومت auon <i>ution</i> about Mr.	Smith?
Alan: They say					about Mi.	Siliuii:
Than: They sa	8- extinct		المالية		face يواجه	
8. Many anima		_	=		not look after o	ıır
environment.	us und plants	, <u>feec e</u>	T ,	.	100 10011 41101 0	0.1
	9- proble	مشكلة m		me	ينو <i>ي</i> an	
9. What do you			oblem?		<u> </u>	
•		-		visib	le مرئي	
10. In some ho	ouses, the gara	<i>len</i> is <i>visib</i>	<u>le</u> from the li	ving-	room.	
			tro	-	••	
11. You canno					They need wan	rmer water.
			→ im		•	
12. This messa						

		Tag Q	uestions)		
			م حدوث الفعل	أو عد	لمذيل لـتأكيد حدوث	ستخدم السوال ا
للة من حيث	لسوال عكس الجم	لاه لم و یکون ا	,		فعل المساعد + ضه	,
<i>.</i> •			-			الاثبات و النفي
		<u>به ed)</u>	صریف الثانی (في الت	إذا كان بالجملة فعل	المُحالة الأولى : - إ
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ىل + Didn't.	بر الفاء	? ضمب	
ير الفعل + Yes.	hid + ضم					

I <u>watched</u> the file	m yesterday , <u>didn'</u>	<u>'t I</u> ?	Yes, you did.
They studied Eng	glish last night , <u>di</u>	dn't they?	Yes, they did.
My father bough	<u>t</u> a new car , <u>didn't</u>	<u>t he</u> ?	Yes, he did?
Complete the fol	lowing sentences :	<u>-</u>	
You went to Lon	don last year,	•••••	??
You <u>saw</u> Ahmad	yesterday,	?	?
I won the race,.	•••••	?	?
He <u>fell</u> of the bik	e	?	
They built that he	ouse,	?	
You <u>knocked</u> at t	the door,	?	
He <u>broke</u> his wre	est ,	?	?
They flew on Sau	ıdia ,	?	?
I <u>rang</u> the wrong	bell,	?	
He <u>did</u> his home	work ,	?	?
You <u>ate</u> the whol	le cake,	?	
You <u>spent</u> all you	ur money,	?	
She <u>cut</u> her finge	r ,	?	
Choose the right	answer:-		
1-He came early, <i>a- wasn't he</i>	b- didn't he c-	? · doesn't he	d-did he
• -	b- were they		d-weren't they
<u> </u>	ne United Stales la b-don't they	•	
	to his pen-friend la b-don't he		? d-didn't Youssef
	ur father last night, b-don't you		·····.? y d-didn't I
▼	r homework, b-do you *********	c-you did	d-did you



My friend had bought a new computer.

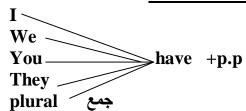
Choose the right answer :-

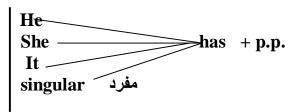
- 1-The bread (sell sold selling had been sold) by the baker .
- 2-The road (mended had mended had been mended mending) by the workers
- 3-The thief had been (saw seen sees seeing) by the policeman.
- 5-A dam (had built had been built building built) in the south of the valley.
- 6- Those radios had been (makes- made making) by engineers in Japan .
- 7- The bridge had been (built -building built builds) by engineers over the river
- 8- The car had been (cleaned cleaned cleaning clean) by Ali.
- 9- That **house** had been (painted paints paint painting) last year.
- 10- **Food** had been (cook -cooked cooks is cooking) in the kitchen.

المضارع التام Present Perfect

Formation:







Meaning:

To express an action began in the past and finished



I *have packed* my suites .

He <u>has written</u> the letter.

My friends <u>have</u> already <u>prepared</u> lunch.

Key words:

already - بالطبع - yet مؤخرا - lately مؤخرا – recently مؤخرا - since مؤخرا - ever – never مؤخرا

1-Mona has 5 thobes .

a-washed b-washing c-wash d-washes

2-He has 550 kilometres .

a-drives b- driven c- driving d- drive

3-We have five books. b-studied a-studying c-studies d-study 4-he has million miles . a-flown b- flew c- flies d- fly 5-he has one hundred elephants. b- shoot c- shooting a- shot d- shoots المضارع التام المستمر The present perfect continuous tense يعبر عن حدث بدا في الماضي و استمر حتى الآن و سوف يستمر إلى ما بعد الآن Past future تكوينه :Form I-You - We - They +have + been + verb + ing _____اسم مفرد + He - She - It + been → has + verb + ing *I have been studying English for three hours We have been learning E. at school for 5 years. Ali has been sleeping since 2 o'clock. : علاماته Key words Since + time (2:00 – yesterday – last week – Rajab – October – 1420) For + period of time (2 hours - 3 days - 4 weeks - 5 months - 10 years) The difference between the present perfect and present perfect continuous يستخدم المضارع التام عادة للتعبير عن عدد ما تم إنجازه اما المضارع التام المستمر . فيعبر عن الوقت الذي تم فيه إنجاز الشيء She has been washing since the morning. (time) She has washed 10 thobes. (number of things) **Exercises** $have/has\ been + verb + ing$ بالجملة since / for اختر 2- إذا سّبق الفراغ ب have/has been اختر الفعل به ing Choose the right answer:

- 1- We (*tried have tried have been trying are trying*) to solve the problem for two hours now .
- 2- I (*have learned had been learning learned have been learning*) to drive for a month and I'm still learning it .
- 3- The child has been (slept -slept -sleeping is sleeping) for ten hours now.
- 4- The school (has been offering have been offering offered is offering)
 English courses for ten years and it still offering up till now.
- 5- Some students (have been (learning learn- learned learns) here for five years and they still doing that .

6-Many schools have been (*teaching –teaches – had been taught – taught*) English for over 30 years and they have not stopped.

- 7-I have been (works working worked work) here since 1414 H
- 8-They (built- have been building -are building) that house since last Ramadan.
- 9-She (made -is making -has been making) cakes since the morning.
- 10-Workers have been (worked working work works)here for three months.

<u>Unit Three</u> Transportation

/		
<i>'</i>	transportation	مواصلات
	advantage	مميزات
	national	وطني
	airlines	الخطوط الجوية
	domestic = loca	محلي اا
	air travel	السفر الجوي
	president	رئيس
	join	يلتحق بـ
	officials	موظفین رسمیین
	realize	يدرك
	establish	يۇ سىس
	fleet	أسطول
	headquarter	المقر
	acquire	يكتسب/يحصل على
	regular	منتظم
	expand	يتوسع
	engine	محرآك
	wingspan	المسافة بين جناحي الطائرة
•		

7	
aircraft	طائرة
added	أضيفت
wide-bodied	كبيرة الحجم
route	طريق جوي / بحري
Include	يتضمن
type = kind = sort	نوع
exactly	تماما / بالضبط
passenger	مسافر
handle	يتعامل مع
air fare	أجرة السفر الجوي
reduce	يقلل
increase	یزید
network	شبكة
commercial	تجاري
jet	ذات محرك نفاث
speed	سرعة
length	طول
height	ارتفاع

Word Study

 $\frac{acquire}{aircraft} = get$ = plane

باستمرار

continually

Very often باستمرار

تكلفة السفر

يسافرون لكي المسافرون يدفعه مال <u>money</u> paid by passangers to travel

أسطو ل

fleet: مجموعة

تملكها

شر کة

A group of planes owned by a company مضیف جو ی

منه

<u>flight attendant :</u> شخص

يخدم

على الطائرة

A person who serves you on <u>a plane</u>.

المركز الرئيسي

<u>headquarter</u>: مكان

المؤ سسة

تدار

A place from which an organization is run.

يزداد

يصبح

increase = Becomes more . أكثر

يقل

أقل. <u>Decrease =</u> Becomes <u>less</u>

خدمة

<u>هنيء : service</u>

للناس يؤدي

بواسطة آخرين

Something done to people by others .

موظف/مسئول

<u>official</u>: شخص

مركز عالى

الحكومة

A person with a high position in the government.

verbs

	give go grow keen	gave went grew	given gone grown kent	يزرع / ينمو		knew left lent	known left lent	يغادر يقرض
l	keep	kept	kept	يحفظ	lie	lay	lain	يرقد / يستلقى

Questions and answers

When were the Saudi airlines established? متى تأسست الخطوط العربية السعودية They were established in 1946.

Who were the Saudi airlines established by? من الذي اسسس الخطوط العربية السعودية They were established by King Abdul Aziz.

what is a jet airplane? أما هي الطائرة النفاثة

It is a plane with a very strong and fast engine محرك .

Why did air travel increase in S.A.? ! المملكة المملك

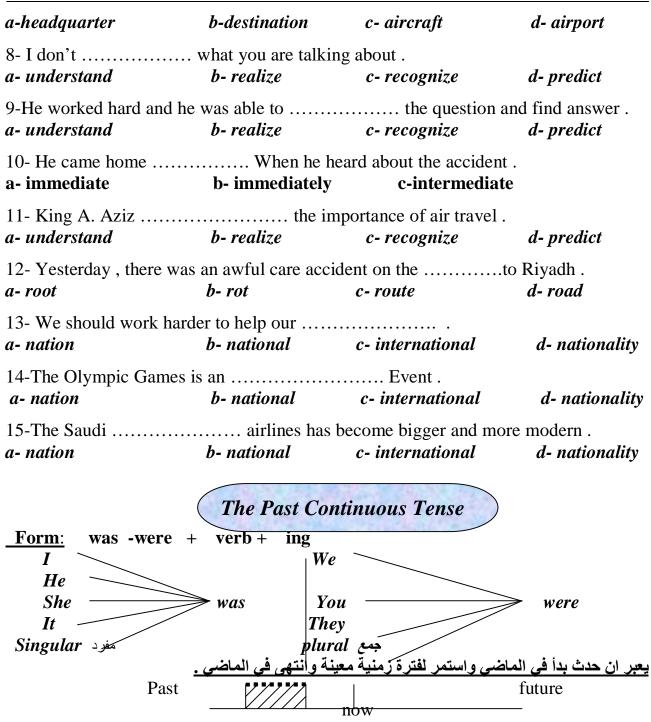
Because the airfare اجرة السفر was reduced . انخفضت

What is a flight attendant? من هو المضيف

He is a person who serves people on a plane

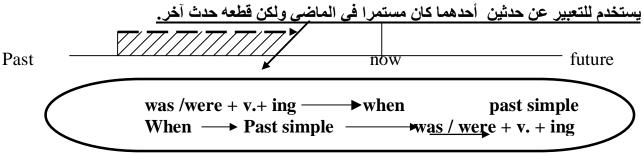
Word Study Exercises

_	flight attendant		service	خدمة
aircraft النرة			establish	يۇسس
متع enjoyable أجرة fare		•	airlines	الخطوط الجوية
			regular continually	منتظم باستمرار
المركز الرئيسي \ headquarter			Continually	بهصرار
<i>fare</i> 1-I took a taxi to the airpor	The taxi		rival 6	
wide-bodied –		twenty i	Tyano.	
2-I flew on one of the big,	new,	Planes .		
	\longrightarrow five typ			
3-Saudia has Fi				
ů č	lant brown			aat
4-The brough <i>rest</i>	_	e juice and	a something to	eat.
5-I was able to		rney.		
	→ a good time	·		
6-The flight was very	I had a go	od time.		
	. 4 1			
7-I was able to	→ ten hours			
official	ministry			
8-I was met by an		y of Post	and Telegraph	l .
•	Vocabulary Ex	•		
Choose the right word (s):				
1-A is	a person who serves	passenge	rs on a plane.	
a- passenger b	o- official c-	flight atte	endant d- pe	oacher
2- The Saudi airlines were	established in			
		1975	d- 19	84
3-A engine is	a strong and very fas	t engine.		
_	-	esel	d- pe	trol
4-A is a	group of planes, cars	and buse	s owned by on	ne company.
		- fleet	=	ficial
5-A is a	person with a high po	sition in t	he governmen	it.
			ttendant d-	
6-A is a person who travels on a plane or a bus.				
-	-		ttendant d-	poacher
7-A is a	place where an organ	nization is	run .	



Yesterday, I was playing football from 3 to 5.

Last night ,they were watching T.V. from 8to 10.



3-When hey *found* a treasure, they *were digging* a well.

4-When he *came* running ,we *were waiting* for the bus .

Correct the verb:

1-He (run) when he fell down.	
2- I (watch) the programme when the T.V. broke down.	
3- I (read) a newspaper when I heard a strange noise.	
4-When the phone (ring), I (have) a shower.	
5-When hee (lose) his keys, he (play).	
6-We (sleep) when a man knocked the door.	
7-When my brother (phone), I was working in the garage.	
8- I was walking down the street when I (meet) Nadia.	
9- We (have) a party when the lights went off.	
10-When the telephone (ring), I was going out of the house	
11- I was reading a book when he (come) in.	

Choose the right answer:

- 1- My clothes became wet when it (rained was raining has rained rains),
- 2- He was eating when an insect(fell fall felt was falling) into the plate.
- 3- he was travelling when he (becomes -became -becoming- was becoming) ill.
- 4- He (was climbing-had climbed- climbed- is climbing) the ladder when he suddenly fell down .
- 6-What were you doing when I(*phoned-would phone-had phoned-phoning*)last night
- 7- I (went am going-was going-had gone) home ,I met a friend.
- 8- When the teacher entered the class, pupils (made are making were making have made) a lot of noise.
- 9- I (was sleeping slept had slept sleep) when she opened the window.
- 10-When the train left, he (*ran-has run is running-was running*)down the platform

- 11-I was having breakfast when the phone (ring rang was ringing)
- 12- I was having tea, when the light (go went was going) out.

The. Boeing 747

The. Boeing 747 was introduced by Saudia in 1985. It is a 424-seat Plane driven by four jets. Its wingspan is sixty metres long and nineteen metres high .It flies on all main routes .Its maximum speed is 978 kilometres per hour . The flight time from Jeddah to Riyadh is one hour and twenty minutes .

<u>Unit Four</u> The Holy Month of Ramadan

	`
.based on	یرتکز علی
belief = pillar	رکن
messenger	رسول
certain	معین / متأکد
savings	مدخرات
fasting	الصوم
perform	يؤد <i>ي</i>
at least	على الأقل
calendar	تقويم
adult	بالغ
dawn	الفجر
sunset	غروب الشمس
whole	کل
Strengthen	يقو ي
self-control	السيطرة على النفس
obedience	الطاعة
pain	ألم
Hunger	الجوع
share	يشارك مع
equal	مساو لـ

special	خاص
focus on	یرکز علی
duties	واجبات
go off	ينطلق
definitely	بالتحديد
awake	مستيقظ
celebration	إحتفال
celebrate	يحتفل
during	أثناء / خلال
gift	هدية / منحة
Relatives	أقارب
reveal	ينزرّل
excused	معفي من
on journeys	على سفر
expect	يتوقع
nurse	ترضع / تمرّض
later	بعد ذلك
customs	عادات
obey	يطيع
income	دخل

Word Study

```
صغير
Bit = small piece
is blessing: نعمة
        a gift from Allah.
certain : متأكد
          sure/ true
متساو / مساو
<u>equal</u> =
      متساوین the same
  الجوع
                        كاف
hunger:
         not having enough food.
مرضة / ترضع
nurse:
        يعتني بالمرضى look after <u>sick</u> people
        feed a baby with her milk . ثرضع
يكشف عن / ينزيّل
reveal : يجعل
        make something <u>known</u>. معروف
<u>set :</u> تغرب
    تختفي disappear
share: يتقاسم
        divide with people
 خبط
thread:
                        قطن حرير صوف
    a long thin piece of wool, silk or cotton
يطيع
obey:-
   <u>do</u> what you are told.
التحكم في النفس
self control :-
           person's control of himself.
يغرب <u>set :-</u>
    يختفي disappear
                                           Verbs
```

						$\overline{}$
light lose	lit lost	lit شعل lost	pay پضيء / يا Ride پفقد	paid rode	paid ridden	یدفع مال یرکب/یمتطی
make	made	made	Ring		rung	يدق الجرس
meet	met	met	see يقابل	saw	seen	یر <i>ی</i>

Questions and Answers

1-What is Ramadan? ما هو رمضان

Ramadan is the ninth month of the Islamic calendar . التقويم الإسلامي

2-What must all adult Muslim do in Ramadan? ما الذي يجب ان يفعله كل البالغون في رمضان and sun set . غروب الشمس غروب الشمس

ماذا يعنى الصوم

3-What does fasting mean ? غير مسموح

Fasting means they are not allowed to eat or drink between dawn and sun set.

A-How does fasting help a Muslim? كيف يساعد الصوم المسلمون يزيد بيد يقوى يقوى

Fasting strengthens a Muslim by increasing his self control . It helps a Muslim to remember Allah and His obedience to Him . طاعته شه

- 5-Who are excused from fasting? على سفر من الأشخاص المعفون من الصوم Young children, very old people, some women and people on journeys are excused from fasting. معفون من الصوم
- 6-What do Muslims prefer to do in Ramadan? ما الذي يفضل المسلمون فعله في رمضان They prefer to change working hours . تغيير ساعات العمل
- 7-Why do Muslims prefer to change their working hours? لماذا يفضل المسلمون تغيير ساعات العمل To focus on the Islamic duties of the Holy month .
- 8-What is special about Ramadan? ما الشيء الذي يميز رمضان It has a special night called Lailatul Qadr .
- 9-What do Muslims do in Lailatul Qadr? ماذا يفعل المسلمون في ليلة القدر They stay a wake all night and perform special prayers .
- المسلمون في نهاية رمضان ? At the end of Ramadan wuslims celebrate at the end of Ramadan Muslims celebrate يحتفلون Eid Al-Fitr when they enjoy themselves with friends and relatives . أقارب

<u>Ramadan</u> صوم التقويم الإسلامي

Ramadan is the ninth month of the Islamic calendar .Fasting of Ramadan is the ركن الصوم غروب الشمس الفجر يصوم بالغ ركن fourth pillar of Islam . All adult Muslims must fast between dawn and sunset .Fasting

means they are not allowed to eat or drink between dawn and sunset. Fasting السيطرة على النفس بزيادة يقوي

strengthens a Muslim by increasing his self control . It helps a Muslim to remember

Allah and His obedience to Him .Young children , very old people , some women and يغير يفضل أن على سفر

people on journeys are excused from fasting .In Ramadan, Muslims prefer to change الواجبات الإسلامية يركز على

working hours .to focus on the Islamic duties of the Holy month . At the end of Ramadan Muslims celebrate Eid Al-Fitr when they enjoy themselves_with friends and relatives . أقارب

Vocabulary Exercises

- 1-Fasting of Ramadan is the pillar of Islam .

 a- second b-third c- fourth d- fifth

 2- means giving a percentage of your savings to the poor .

 a- fasting b-pilgrimage c-Zakah d- praying

- 4- In Ramadan, Muslims fast during hours.
- a-daylight b- night c-noon d-morning
- 5- fasting Muslim's self control.
- a-decreases b-increases c-reduces d-limits
- 6- In Ramadan, Muslims start their fasting at
- a-noon b-sunset c-sunrise d-dawi
- 7- In Ramadan, Muslims break their fasting at
- a-noon b-sunset c-sunrise d-dawn
- 8- Muslims expect Lailatul- Qadr at the of Ramadan.
- a-the last ten days b- beginning b- middle c- end Word Study Exercises

cannon celebration	_	nurse reveal	ترضع / ممرضة يكشف عن / ينزل
equal	مساو	set	الغروب / يغرب
fast	الصوم / يصوم	sleepy	ناعس
income		thread	خيط

A, An, The

<u> A/An :-</u>

a desk - a student - a book تستخدم a قبل الاسم المفرد النكرة المسبوق بحرف ساكن an arm - an orange - an egg تستخدم an arm - an orange - an egg عبد النكرة المبدوء بحرف متحرك a tall man / an expensive car/ a new book - 2- تستخدما قبل الصفة التي يتبعها الموصوف - 2- تستخدما عند تصنيف الناس حسب جنسياتهم و أعمالهم

He is an American engineer / she is a teacher.

a cold / a headache

4- قبل أسماء بعض الأمراض :-

5- مع التعبيرات الخاصة بالأرقام :-

a couple of زوج من.. a score عشرون

A hundred مليون a thousand ألف a million مليون

The(definite article)

1-تستخدم the قبل الاسم الوحيد من نوعه:

the sun - the earth - the moon -

4-قبل أسماء البحار و الأنهار و المحيطات و الأسماء القصيرة لبعض الدول و الجبال و المرتفعات

the River Nile - the Red Sea - the Pacific - the Atlantic ocean The Himalayas-

The Alps – the Rocky - The Sudan

5- قبل الأسماء الكاملة للدول والجمهوريات و الممالك :

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – the United Kingdom – The United States –

The Arab Republic of Egypt – The united Arab Emirates

6 قبل أسماء أماكن اللهو الترفيه:

The cinema - the theatre - the circus

7- قبل صفات الدرجة الثالثة (المفاضلة) و جمل المقارنة

The tallest -The most beautiful

The more you eat, the fatter you become.

Grammar Exercises

A- Choose the correct answer from a. h. c or d:

1-My friend lives inold house in a small village.

a- a b- an c- the d- no article

2-There is beautiful garden behind my house.

a- a b- an c- the d- no article

3-She took a sandwich and a piece of cake, but didn't eatcake.

a- a b- an c- the d- no article

4-My brother has just got..... job in a bank in Cairo.

a- a b- an c- the d- no article

5-We went to restaurant in Jeddah yesterday.

a- a b- an c- the d- no article

6-Have you been to USA?

a-a b-an c-the d-no article

7-I'd like.....dozen eggs and a loaf, please.

a- a b- an c-the d- no article

8-My brother is engineer.

a- a b- an c- the d- no article

Scrambled Eggs

To make scrambled eggs for one person, you need two eggs and some milk. First, you break <u>the</u> eggs into <u>a</u> pan and beat them with <u>a</u> wooden spoon. Then you pour milk into <u>the</u> pan. You can also add..... salt and Pepper if you wish. Next, you put <u>the</u> pan onto <u>the</u> cooker and heat <u>the</u> eggs and milk slowly. You must stir <u>the</u> mixture with <u>the</u> wooden spoon as it cooks. When <u>the</u> scrambled eggs are ready, serve them on <u>a</u> warm plate with <u>a</u> piece of bread and butter.

don,t , do + نصمير الفاعل ? No, you don't I don't smoke cigarettes , do I ? No, you don't .

We didn't visit Ahmad yesterday, did we? No, we didn't.

<u>Unit Five</u> <u>Earth and its neighbours</u>

The Solar system	النظام الشمسي
a star	نجم
a planet	كوكب
a galaxy	مجرة
a satelite	قمر تابع لكوكب
reflect	يعكس
radiate	يشع
bright	لامع/شديد الإضاءة
universe	الكون بما فيه
solid	صلب
inner	داخلي
outer	خارجي
diametre	قطر
orbit	يدور حول / دورة
spin	يدور حول محوره
axis	محور
exist	يوجد / يعيش/يكون
horizontal	

vapour	بخار الماء
atmosphere	الغلاف الجوي
vertical	عامو دي / رأسي
tilted	مائل
angle	زاوية
hemisphere	نصف الكرة
form	شکل / یشکل / یکون
North Pole	القطب الشمالي
liquid	سائل
streams	مجاري مائية
stationary	ثابت
crust	قشرة الأرض
melt	يذوب
thus	و هکذا
floats	يطفو
unique	فرید من نوعه
lack of	نقص/ عدم توافر
care for = look after	نعتني ب

Word Study

complete:

full; whole کاملا

يوجد

exist: be; live

<u>hard</u>: solid صلب

يشع

radiate : send out light or heat . حرارة

فريد من نوعه

unique: the only one of its kind . فريد من نوعه

الكون

universe: everything الكون بما يحوي

ناعم

<u>soft :-</u>

not hard غير صلب

Verbs

run sell send	ran sold sent	run sold sent	يج <i>ري</i> يبيع يرسل		spent	spoken spent رف stolen	
send	sent	sent	يرسل	Steal	stole	stolen	يسرق
sleep	slept	slept	ينام	Swim	swam	swum	يسبح

Questions and Answers

1-What is a galaxy? ما هي المجرة

نجوم ملايين بها في الفضاء جسم

It is a body in space which has millions of stars.

2-What is a star ? ما هو النجم

يعكس الضوء . It is a body in space which reflects light . يعكس الضوء

3-What is a satellite? ما هو القمر التابع

It is a body which orbits a planet بدور حول کوکب

4-What is a planet ? ما هو الكوكب

It is a body which orbits a star. بدور حول نجم

5-Why are stars not as bright as the moon? لماذا يكون القمر اكثر لمعانا من النجوم Because they are very far in space . بعيدة في الفضاء

6-How many planets does the solar system have? كم عدد الكواكب في المجموعة الشمسية It has nine planets

7-What are the inner planets? ما هي الكواكب الداخلية الكواكب الداخلية الأقرب سطح صلب لها للشمس الأقرب

They are the four planets which are nearest to the sun and they have solid surface. They are (*Mercury*, *Venus*, *Earth*, *Mars*).

8-How long does the Earth take to orbit the sun? كم المدة التي تستغرقها الأرض للدوران حول الشمس It takes 365 days .

كم تستغرق الأرض للدوران حول محورها

9-How long does the Earth take to spin round its own axis? It takes 24 hours.

مم يتكون الغلاف الجوي للأرض ؟ ؟ It consists of nitrogen, oxygen water vapour and some other gases .

ما سبب وجود فصول مناخية على الأرض ؟ ؟ II-Why does the Earth have seasons بزاوية على الأرض ؟ بزاوية مائل عمودي غير محورها Because its axis is not vertical .It is tilted at an angle of about 23°

ما الذي يجعل الأرض كوكبا فريدا من نوعه ? Planet الذي يجعل الأرض كوكبا فريدا من نوعه الأكسجين يحتوي على غلاف جوي لها على الأكسجين يحتوي على غلاف جوي لها Because it has an atmosphere which contains oxygen and water vapour . It has a solid surface سطح صلب and it has seasons فصول مناخية .

Vocabulary Exercises

1- A is a body in a-star b- planet		•	•
2- A	is a body	in space which orbits a	star.
	<u> </u>	c- satellite	
		in space which has mil <i>c- satellite</i>	lions of stars . d- galaxy
4-A a-star	<u>-</u>	n space which radiate l <i>c- satellite</i>	_
	ir the sun	ause it is far from the it is the only which	sun
		it is far from the su	n has oxygen and water .
8-Earth is a	unique planet beca	use	

a- it is near the sunc- its axis is tilted

it is far from the sun it is the only which has oxygen and water.

9-Earth takes To spin round its own axis.

a- a year b- one day

c- a season

d- a month

10-Earth To orbit the sun.

a- a year b- one day

c- a season

d- a month

The Earth

كواكب داخلية

المريخ

صلب

Earth is third of the inner planets of the Sun It is twice as big as Mars . It has a solid دورة كاملة سطح

surface .it takes approximately 365 days to make a complete orbit of the Sun .It takes يتكون من غلاف جوي محور هــــا حول تدور

twenty four hours to spin round its own axis . Earth has an atmosphere consists of فصول غازات

Nitrogen ,Oxygen and some other gases . Earth has seasons because its axis is not عامودی ماثل عامودی

vertical .It is tilted at an angle of 23° . Earth is a unique planet .It is the only planet عنني بها

that has got life on it. It also has an atmosphere that helps us to live .We must care for حيث نستطيع العيش المكان الوحيد

our planet because it is the only place where we can live.

Word Study Exercises

Angle	زاوية	melts	يذوب	reflects	يعكس
cares for	يهتم ب	millions	ملايين	solar system	المجموعة الشمسية
complete	کامل / یکمل	outer	خارجي	spins	يدور حول محوره
exists	يوجد	vertical	عامودي	stationary	ثابت
hemisphere	نصف الكرة الأرضية	radiator	مشع	unique	وحيد من نوعه
lack of	نقص / عدم كفاية	soft	ناعم	universal	عالمي / كوني

تذو ب بسخن

1-If you *heat* ice, it <u>melts</u>.

جزء خارجي سطح الأرض

2-The earth's **surface** is its **outer** part.

و الما من نوعه في المانية الم

الوحيد

3-The sun is <u>unique</u> in the Solar system. It is the *only* star.

4-Majed did not write the last word . His *sentence* was not <u>complete</u> . المرآة

6- A *nurse* is a person who *cares for* sick patients.

يعيش

بأكل

7- My brother *eats* almost nothing . He *exists* on 1.000 calories a day .

الشمس زاوية

8- People used to tell the time by the *angle* of the *sun* .

غاز نیت

9-There is more <u>nitrogen</u> in Earth's atmosphere than any other **gas** . نصف الكرة الأرضية

10-On *Earth*, most water is in the southern *hemisphere*.

المجموعة الشمسية نج

11-There is only one *star* in the *Solar System*.

جبال أكسجير

12- Climbers often need extra <u>oxygen</u> on very high *mountains*.

تفص القصاء

13- In *space*, there is a <u>lack of</u> air . So, planes can not fly there . متحرك

14- It is easier to hit a *stationary* object than a *moving* one.

ملبو ن

15- The sun is over 90 million miles away from Earth.

The Planet Mars

Nine planets orbit the sun . Mars is the fourth of the inner ones .It is about 228 million kilometres from the sun .Its diameter is around 6,790kilometres. There are 687 in a year on Mars .A day lasts twenty four hours and thirty seven minutes Mars's axis is not vertical . It is tilted at an angle of about 24°. Mars's average temperature is 30°C . Its atmosphere consists of nearly 100% carbon dioxide. Mars has water vapour and ice .Its surface does not move. There is no life on Mars .

The Present Simple Tense

تكوينه: Formation

I - we - you - they - plural nouns _____infinitive (base form) المصدر He - she - it - singular nouns _____infinitive + s

Birds <u>fly</u> high . They <u>play</u> football at noon .

A bird <u>flies</u> high He <u>plays</u> football at noon .

The sun <u>rises</u> in the east. Stars <u>radiate</u> light.

**إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف s-sh-ch-x-o نضيف

Passes - crosses - watches - reaches - washes - fixes - mixes - goes - does **أما إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف مسبوقة بحرف ساكن نحذفها ونضيف **أما إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف عسبوقة بحرف ساكن تحذفها ونضيف على المعالمة المعال

Study → studies carry → carries marry → marries

أما إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف y مسبوقة بحرف متحرك نضيف s فقط

Plays stays delays enjoys

Uses: استخدامه

1-To express habits and routine actions . العادات والأحداث الروتينية المتكررة

I go to school everyday.

He gets up at 7:00 o'clock.

Mona spends the Summer in Alexandria.

2- to express facts الحقائق

The earth orbits the sun.

Sugar dissolves in water.

It gets hot in summer.

Key words:

كل Every + time → day - week - month - year – summer –winter على على الكلمات الآتية قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد (v. to be (am - is - are على الكلمات الآتية قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد الكلمات الآتية قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد (عدم الكلمات الكلمات الآتية قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد (عدم الكلمات الكلمات الآتية قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد (عدم الكلمات الك

نادرا rarely =scarcely- غالبا often أحيانا sometimes - عادة rarely - دائما Frequently - مرارا ever - مرارا rever - مرارا

Negation : النفى

I -We - You - They - plural — do not + infinitive المصدر He - She - It - singular does not + infinitive

I <u>speak</u> English well. — I <u>do not</u> speak English well.

My friend <u>swims</u> very fast . — My friend <u>does not</u> swim very fast .

عند استخدام كلمة never في النفي لا نغير الفعل بعدها

I always do my homework at night.

I **never do** my homework at night.

She *usually* comes late.

She never comes late.

My friend is always in a hurry

My friend **is never** in a hurry.

<u>السؤال : Questions</u>

عند السؤال نستخدم do-does كفعل مساعد لبدء السؤال أو بعد كلمة الاستفهام

I work in Cairo.

- **<u>Do</u>** you work in Cairo ?
- Whe**re do** you work?

The doctor examines patients .

*<u>Does</u> the doctor examines patients?

*Who does the doctor examine?

Correct the following verbs:

1-A horse (have- has – had) four legs .

2-When the sun (shine- shines – shining), we feel warm.

3-I shall wait until he (come- comes – coming).

4-She (visit- visits –is visiting) her uncle every week

5-Butchers (sell- selling – sells) meat .

6- Cats (eat – eats – eat) mice.

7-What ($\mathbf{does-do-doing}$) she do in the evening?

8-She usually (s	tudy- studies — stu	idying) her lessons	or listens to	music.
9- You always(write- writing – w	rites) with your left	hand.	
10-He always (by pay back . Ask a question :		- borrowing)from 1	ne and neve	r(remember) to
1- He teaches E	nglish .		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	?
2-They speak <u>a l</u>	<i>little</i> English .		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	?
3-He works at a	<u>workshop</u> .		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	?
4-The men drive	very <u>fast</u> .		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	?
5-It costs <u>a lot o</u>	<u>f money</u> .		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	?
change into neg	ative :			
1- He teaches En	nglish .		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
2-They speak a l	ittle English .			
3-He works at a	workshop .			•••••
4-The men drive	very fast.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
5-It costs a lot of	f money.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	ect answer from an analysisTV for two hours b- am watchin		atched	d- watch
	you usually b-do		d- will	
	goes to bed b- didn't	early . <i>c- never</i>	d-isn't	
	to save 6 b- tries	energy . c- has tried	d- trying	
•	to my off. b- came		d- has co	ome
	Her husband's n b- isn't forg	birthday . getting c- don't f	orget	
7- He		c- has usually	d- is usu	ually
8- Where		c-has	d- is	

المبنى للمجهول Present Simple Passive

statement: مفعول

فاعل

object + am-is-are + p.p. + by + subject

1-They make televisions in Japan.

Televisions are made by them in Japan.

2-My friend writes a letter every week.

A letter is written by my friend everyday.

3-Ola clean all rooms on Friday.

All rooms are cleaned by Ola on Friday.

4- A carpenter makes furniture in the workshop.

Furniture is made by the carpenter in the workshop.

5-Ali draws pictures of animals.

Pictures of animals are drawn by Ali.

Yes, No Question:

فعول

فاعل

Am - Is - Are + object + p.p. + by + subject?

1-Do they make televisions in Japan?

Are televisions made in Japan.

2- Does your friend write a letter every week.

/ Is a letter written by your friend every week?

3-Doés Ola clean all rooms on Friday?

Are all rooms cleaned by Ola on Friday?

ما اذا كانت الجملة تحتوي على tag question فاننا نحول الجملة و نستخرج tag question جديد من لمفعول و الفعل المساعد (is/are)

The star radiates light, doesn't it?

8-They find oil under the sea.

Light is radiated by the star, isn't it

Change into Passive or **Make Passive**

1-The tailor makes my thobes .	
2- The baker sells bread.	
3-The builder builds houses for us.	
4They grow lemons in Khowar .	
5-The mechanic repairs my car every month	h
6-They make cars in Japan.	
7-We buy meat at the butcher's.	

9- she irrigates the flowers, doesn't she?	
10 – my friend writes homework, doesn't he?	
Unit; 5 Revision 3 rd Year Secondary Term 1 Grammar (1)-Rewrite the following making the dark words plural. e.g. 1- A planet reflects light. Planets reflect light.	
a- A star radiates light . Stars	
b- Does a planet orbit the sun? Do	?
c- There is a planet in the Solar System. There are	
a- I at school . (be)	
b- I interested in stares . (be)	•••••
c- Our sun a star . (be)	•••••
d- Galaxies large groups of stars . (be)	
e- We not able to see other galaxies. (be)	
Make the following sentences negatives. a- Star reflects light . Star light .	
b- A planet radiates light . A planet light .	
<u>Make- these sentences passive</u> . e.g. 1- Planets reflect light. Light is not reflected by planets.	
1- Satellites orbit planets	
2- Stars do not reflect light	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3- Do stars radiate light?	
e.g. 1- Stars reflect light. Stars do not reflect light, do they? No.	, they do not .
a-Stars radiate light,? Yes, the	y do .
b-Planets don't radiate light,? No,	
c-There is only one star in the solar system,? Ye	s,
d- There aren't people on Venus,? No,	

<u>Unit Six</u> Arab Aid

expert	خبير
project	مشروع
rubber	مطاط
plantation	مزرعة
enable	یمگن
financial	مادي / مالي
aid	مساعدة / عون / يساعد
needy	محتاج
in addition to	بالإضافة الى
receive	يتسلم / يستقبل
raw material	مادة خام
Arabian Gulf	الخليج العربي
beneath	أسفل
wealthy	ؿڔؠ
wealth	ثروّة
citizen	مواطن

يطور / ينمي develop کوبر *ي* bridge صداقة friendship عدد السكان 0(السكان) population قنوات الري irrigation canal أنبوب / يضنخ الماء في ماسورة pipe لحسن الحظ fortunately dozen درزن (12) يستعير borrow lend يقرض العالم الثالث Third World منجم mines عامل Labourer یشید / یبنی construct rapid = fast = quickسريع إطار السيارة tyre

Word Study

مقال صحفي

article: جزء جالکتابة

A piece of writing in a <u>newspaper</u> . جريدة

مقترض

يقترض شخص <u>borrower:</u>

A person who borrows money .

یمکّن

قادر على شخص يجعل <u>enable</u>;

عمل شيء Make someone <u>able</u> to do something عمل

ضخم / هائل

enormous:

Huge; very big.

صداقة

mعور <u>friendship ;</u>

The feeling between friends . أصدقاء

منجم

مكان <u>mine ;</u> مكان تحت مكان

 $\stackrel{ ext{A}}{ ext{place}}$ under the ground where we get $\underline{\textit{coal}}$. فحم العالم الثالث

<u>Third World</u>;

النامية

All the developing <u>countries</u>. كل الدول النامية

needy: Poor فقير حمتاج

<u>Verbs</u>

threw

wore

won

wrote

thrown

written

worn won

take	took	taken	يأخذ	throw
teach	taught	taught	یدر ّس	wear
tell	told	told	یخبر /یحکی	win
think	thought	thought	يفكر / يعتقد	write

دار نزهة الألباب

a mine	منجم	enabled	مكّن	needy	محتاج
a borrower	مقترض	constructed	شيد	rubber	مطاط
a dozen	درزن	repaid	يعيد دفع	aid	مساعدة / معونة
a loan	قرض	enormous	ضخم	standard of	living
a labourer	عامل	fortunately	لحسن الحظ		مستــوى المعيشة
lent	أقرض	financial	مالي / مادي	friendship	الصداقة
piped	في مواسير	beneath	أسفل	alms	الزكاة

قرض

1-I wanted to buy a new car but I didn't have enough money . So, I had to get $\underline{a \ loan}$ from the bank .

منشفة درزر

2-Mrs. Smith bought <u>a dozen</u> new <u>towels</u> for the bathroom.

ضية <u>-----</u> منج

3-There is <u>a mine</u> near Buraidah which is full of silver

4-They paid <u>a labourer</u> to dig a new water well.

كتب مستعير

5-I am often *a borrower* of books from the library.

یمکن من

يقود

6-The bridge between Bahrain and Saudi Arabia has <u>enabled</u> people to drive between the two countries.

شيدت شيدت

7-The Saudi government has *constructed* a large **dam** near Abha.

ر ———— الديد دفع الديد الديد الديد الديد الديد الدي

8-He borrowed **money** from the bank last year but he has <u>repaid</u> it already . the bank had got it all back .

المال أقرض

9-Khaled's uncle has *lent* him the **money** to build a new house.

بار ضخ في مواسير

10-The irrigation projects has *piped* water from the *wells* to the fields .

الثاني أسفار

The first floor of a building is always **beneath** the **second** floor .

محتاجون الطعام

He was a good man . He always gave food to needy families .

ضخم ضخم

The new airport at Riyadh is *enormous*. It covers a **huge** area.

خرج لسوء الحظ

I had *fortunately* just **got out** of my car when the truck hit it .

مالية بنك

He asked his **bank** manager for some *financial* advice.

معونة فقيرة

The **poor** country does not have enough money . It needs <u>aid</u> from richer countries . مستوى المعيشة

The standard of living in many Third World countries is low.

لصداقة ر

The bridge between Saudi Arabia and Bahrain is a **symbol** of their *friendship*.

ر كن الزكاة

Giving \underline{alms} to the poor is the third pillar of Islam.

مطاط إطارات

The **tyres** on a car are made of <u>rubber</u>

Questions and answers

What is Arab Aid? ما هي المعونات العربية

كل أنحاء العالم الدول المحتاجة تُعطى مالية

It is a financial help given to needy countries all over the world.

Who is Arab Aid given by? من الذي يمنح المساعدات العربية Arab Aid is given by wealthy Gulf countries دول الخليج الغنية

How is Arab Aid used? كيف تستخدم المعونات العربية It is used to help poorer countries develop themselves . لتطوير نفسها

What is Arab Aid used in ? فيم تستخدم المعونات العربية

بيوت فنادق مستشفيات سدود جسور مباني تستخدم في

Arab Aid is used in building bridges , dams hospitals,hotels homes .It is also used in قنوات الري المصانع المناجم الطرق بناء building roads , mines , factories and irrigation canals .

Why is Arab Aid given ? لماذا تُمنح المعونات العربية

ديني أيضا كل أنحاء العالم لتكوين أصدقاء المعونة العربيّة

Arab Aid is given to make friends all over the world . it is also given as a religious duty . واجب

Arab Aid

في كل أنحاء العالم دول فقيرة مادة

Arab Aid is a financial help given to needy countries all over the world . It is سدود کباری بناء دول الخلیج الغنیة

given by wealthy Gulf countries . Arab Aid is used in building bridges , dams منازل فنادق مستشفيات

hospitals, hotels homes .It is also used in building roads , mines , factories and لتكوين قنوات الري

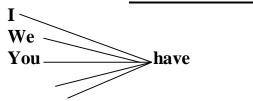
irrigation canals . Arab Aid is given to make friends all over the world . it is also واجب ديني

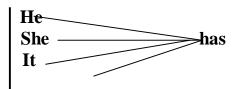
given as a religious duty.

The present perfect tense

Formation:

Have - has + P.P.





دار نزهة الألباب تعليم اللغة الإنحليزية

Thev plural singular

Meaning:

To express an action began in the past and finished

Past future

I have packed my suites.

He has written the letter.

My friends have already prepared lunch.

انتهي

2-To express an action began in the past and finished a very short time ago.

future

I have just eaten my lunch.

He has just arrived home.

Key words:

حديثًا recently - مؤخرا lately - حتى الأن yet - توا just - بالطبع since منذ -for ملا – ever – never

> 1- already have alread أو في نهاية الجملة written تأتى في الوسط بين

They have already painted the room.

They have painted the room already.

2- just just تأتى في الوسط بين written have

He has just gone out.

We have just written homework.

She has just cooked the food.

3-recently/lately

<u>تاتي في نهاية الجملة</u>

He has made many kites recently.

We have visited Samy recently.

4-yet

تأتى في نهاية الجملة الخبرية المنفية

I haven't studied the lesson yet. We haven't seen the new car yet

5-ever &never

Have you ever been to London? No. I have never been to London.

فدم ever في السؤال قبل ever في السؤال قبل وللإجابة المنفية نحذف ever ونضع never بدلا منها

6- since

اليوم

Part of a day - day - week month - year I have not seen him since 2000. He has gone out **since** the early **morning**. They have started building since last month. أما إذا جاءت كرابط بين جملتين: Since → past simple → present perfect Since he **travelled**, he has sent three letters. Since he **started** work, he **has drawn** two walls. present perfect— → Since — > past simple he has sent three letters Since he traveled. he has drawn two walls Since he started work... we have studied five lessons since we began studying. الفرق بين for-since منذ (Since + time (2:00 – yesterday – last week – Rajab – October – 1420) For + period of time (2 + hours – days - weeks – months – years) **B- choose: since** or for: 1- He has been studying Physics Three month. 3- Mr. Al-Badr has been building roadstwenty years . 4- I have been working herelast year. 5- Ali has been making model airplanesNovember . 6- They have been touring Egypttwo weeks . 7- You have not used this passport April 30, 1987.

إجابات تمارين كتاب الطالب Answers of student's book exercises

Page 4 : Ex. 4

1- helping verb : have main verb : affected

2- helping verb : does main verb: move 3- helping verb: did main verb :bow 4- helping verb : was main verb :robbed 5- helping verb : are main verb: prescribed 6- helping verb: were main verb: held 7- helping verb: main verb: 8- helping verb: main verb: are 9- helping verb: does main verb: have 10-helping verb: did main verb: say 11-helping verb: were main verb: discovered 12-helping verb: main verb: were ******************* page 6 : Ex: reading 1- false sea water is salty water. 2-false fifth of the rain falls on land. 3- true 4-false people drink only a small percentage .of fresh waetr . 5-false it takes one kilo of water to make two kilos of bread. 6-false: it is used world wide in cultivation and irrigation. 7-false: it is precious and it may become more precious. ********************* page 8: 1-demand 2- lied 3- remote 5- underground 4- nearly 6-unusable 7- sky 8- power station 9- evaporates 10 purpose ********************** *page 11 :* 2- Yes, there was. 2- Yes, it is 4- Yes, they are. 6- Yes, they have. 7- No, they haven't 8- Yes, there have. 9- No, there aren't. 10- Yes, he did 11- No, he didn't 12-Yes, it was. 13- No, they weren't 14- No, he hadn't 15- No, he hasn't 16- Yes, we should. ******************************* *Page 12 :* What does smoking affect? 3- how do some westerners suffer? 4- what have researchers included? 5- where are tests done? 6- when did the patient feel all the pain? 7- what is he able to choose? when was he expected to arrive? ****************** *page 16*: 2- it had been cleaned. 3- it had been killed. 4-it had been mended. 5- they had been switched off. ********* B-2- a-You knocked at the door, didn't you? b- Yes. I did. 3-a- he broke his wrist, didn't he? b- Yes, he did.

4-a- They flew on Saudia, didn't they? b- Yes, they did. 5-a-i rang the bell, didn't I? b- Yes, you did. 6- he did his homework, didn't he? b- Yes, he did. 7- they ran very fast, didn't they? b- Yes, the did. 8- You ate the cake, didn't you? b- Yes, I did. 9- he spent all his money, didn't he? bYes, he did. 10- She cut her finger, didn't she? b- Yes, she did. ********************* *page* : 20 1- false we don't know exactly how many animal and plant species exist 3- true 2- true line 9 line 16 on our planet. 4- false the main cause of these extinctions is deforestation. 5- false in order to create land for agriculture. 6- true lines 58-60 7- false it may not be too late to start protecting some of the creatures which are endangered. *********************** page 22 1- extinction 2- rate 3- conservation 4- species 5- planet 8- face 7- source 10-visible 9- mean 11-tropical 12- urgent ************************ page 23 B-1-I have been learning English for 5 years. 1- I have learned five books. C- 1- He has been shooting animals for five years. 2-He has shot one hundred elephants. D-1- Faisal has been driving for four hours. 2- he has driven 440k.m. E- 1- she has been washing for an hour. 2-She has washed ten thobes. F-1-He has been flying for twenty years. 2-He has flown one million miles. ************************* *Page 29:* 2-He doesn't smoke, does he? b- No, he doesn't. 3- It doesn't work well, does it? b- No, it doesn't. 4- they don't go to our school, do they? b- No, they don't. 5- it doesn't taste good, does it? b- No, it doesn't

b- No, he doesn't.

b- No, she doesn't. b- No, it doesn't.

6- he doesn't like football, doesn't he

7- she doesn't drink coffee, does she?

The programme doesn't last long, does it?

You don't speak German, do you?

b- No, we don't.

Page 30

Muhammad was waiting when Ahmad joined him.

He was eating when he found an insect in his salad.

Ali was sleeping when his friend woke him up.

She was doing her homework when the bulb broke.

page 33:

1- true line 6-7

2-false it took off from Jeddah for Riyadh, Hofuf and Dhahran.

3- false in March 1962. 4- true lines 37-38

5- false three different types of wide-bodied were mentioned in the passage .

6- true lines 60-61

Page 35

page 37: Questions:

1- we were playing football. 2- we were playing.

3-we were going to the playground . 4- we were talking about the game .

5-i was wearing training suites . 6- he was wearing a training suit 7- it was hot 8- we left the school a 3:00

Page 41:

2-They didn't go to the United States last year, did they? No, they didn't.

3. Youssef wrote to his pen-friend last week, didn't he? Yes, he did.

4. Ali and his brother don't speak English, do you? No, we don't.

5. You helped your father last night, didn't you? Yes, I did.

6. You didn't do your homework, did you? No, I didn't

7. We don't have an English lesson on Thursday, do we? No, we don't

8. He lives in Saudi Arabia, doesn't he? yes, he does.

9. She didn't make that cake herself, did she? no, she didn't.

page 43:

- 1- paragraph 1: The five Pillars of Islam
- 2- paragraph 2 : Fasting of Ramadan .
- 3- paragraph 3: People Excused from Fasting.
- 4- paragraph 4: Ramadan Customs.
- 5- paragraph 5: Lailatul Qadr. 6-Eid Al -Fitr.

Page 43: Reading:

1- false the five pillars of Islam.

2- true lines 10-11.

3- false and so are travellers.

4- false people break their fast at sunset.

5- true lines 24-25.

page 45 :

<u>page 46:</u>

Scrambled Eggs

page 49 :

2-Yes, it does.

3-It orbits a planet and reflect the light of a star.

4-Yes, it is.

5-A star radiates light.

 $6 ext{-Because they are very far away from us}$.

7-Yes, there are.

8-there are millions of galaxies in the universe.

1-A-No, they don't

2- a- Yes, there are.

b-No, it doesn't. No, there isn't.

page 51 :

In the following sentences, the dark words (e.g., a planet) are singular. Rewrite the sentences making the dark words plural (e.g., planets). Change the verb if necessary,

too.

A *planet* reflects light.

A *Star* radiates light.

Planets reflect light.

Stars radiate light.

A satellite does not orbit a star. Satellites do not orbit a star.

There is a *planet* in the Solar System. There are *planets* in Does a *planet* orbit a star? Do *planets* orbit a star?

. . . 3 3

B- Write the following sentences again. Put the verbs into the correct form.

I (be) at school. I am at school.

I (be) interested in stars. I am interested in stars.

Our sun (be) a star. Our sun is a star.

Galaxies (be) large groups of stars. Galaxies *are* large groups of stars. We (be) not able to see other galaxies. We *are* not able to see other galaxies.

Make the following sentences negative.

planet is a star. A planet is not a star.

A planet radiates light. A planet *does not radiate* light. Stars reflect light. Stars *do not reflect* light. Venus has a moon. Venus *does not have* a moon.

There is a planet between Earth and Mars. There is **not** a planet

Make these sentences passive.

Planets reflect light.

Satellites orbit planets.

Stars do not reflect light.

Scientists study the universe.

Light is reflected by planets.

Planets are orbited by satellites.

Light is not reflected by stars.

The universe is studied by scientist.

Do stars radiate light?

Is light radiated by stars?

Make these sentences into questions. Expect the answer in brackets.

Stars reflect light. (No)

stars do not reflect light, do they? yes, they do

Stars radiate light. (Yes)

Stars radiate light, don't they? No, they don't

Planets radiate light. (No)

planets do not radiate light, do they? No, they don't

There is only one star in the Solar System. (Yes)

There is only one star in the solar system, isn't there? Yes, there is.

There are people on Venus. (No)

There are not people on Venus, are there? No, there aren't.

Page 53;

True line 7

False it is tilted at an angle of about 23°.

False some of the other planets have atmospheres.

True lines 39 - 40

False life cannot exist on any of the other planets.

page 55 :

1-melts 2-outer 3-unique 4-complete 5-reflects

6-cares for 7-exists 8-angle 9-nitrogen 10-hemisphere 11-

Solar System 12-oxygen 13-lack of 14-stationary 15-million

page 56

- 1- Do you know if life exists on other planets?
- 2- Do you know what the date is?

Can you explain what the difference between Hijra and Gregorian dates is?

- 3- Can you tell me what junk food means?
- 4- Tell me what modern houses are made of .
- 5- Do you understand how CFCs destroy the Ozone layer?
- 6- The map helps to explain where crude oil comes from .
- 7- Do you know if water is still sold by water sellers?
- 8- I cannot remember if dates are grown here.

page 60:

B- 2- have been building 3- has been teaching 4- have been listening

5- have been sleeping 6- has been ringing

C- Page 61:

How long has he been studying English?

He has been studying for six month

3- How long has he been reading *Arab News*?

He has been reading Arab News since 1984.

4-How long have they been waiting for the plane?

They have been waiting since 8 o'clock.

5- How long have we been driving?

We have been driving for 3 hours.

6-How long has the camel been drinking?

It has been drinking for twenty minutes .

<u>Page 63 :</u>

1- false it goes to Arab and non- Arab countries.

2- true line6-8

3-false It is a way of making friends.

4- false dams have been built in developing countries.

5-true line 10

******<u>Page 65 :</u>

1-A loan	2-adozen	3-a mi	ne	4-a lab	ourer	5-a borrower
6-Enabled	7-constructed	8-repai	d	9-lent		10-piped
11-Beneath	12needy	13-enor	mous	14-fort	unately	15-financial
16-Aid	17-standard of 1	iving	18-frier	ndship	19-alms	20-rubber
********	*****	*****	*****	k*****	******	******

page 67;1-Muhammad was happy but Yousef was sad.

1- He saw the headmaster but he didn't see his secretary.

- 2- You can drink tea with sugar or without sugar.
- 3- He is going to fly to the USA and Canada when he is there.
- 4- Have you been playing football or basketball.
- 5- Ahmad did his homework and Fahd played football.
- **6-** Faisal can speak English but his father cannot.

غير مسموح

Ramadan

صوم التقويم الإسلامي

Ramadan is the ninth month of the Islamic calendar .Fasting of Ramadan is the ركن الصوم غروب الشمس الفجر يصوم بالغ ركن fourth pillar of Islam . All adult Muslims must fast between dawn and sunset .Fasting

means they are not allowed to eat or drink between dawn and sunset. Fasting يقوى يقوى ينذكر السيطرة على النفس بزيادة بزيادة

strengthens a Muslim by increasing his self control . It helps a Muslim to remember

Allah and His obedience to Him . Young children , very old people , some women and يغير يفضل أن على سفر

people on journeys are excused from fasting .In Ramadan, Muslims prefer to change الواجبات الإسلامية يركز على

working hours .to focus on the Islamic duties of the Holy month . At the end of

Ramadan Muslims celebrate Eid Al-Fitr when they enjoy themselves_with friends and relatives .

Earth

صلب المريخ داخلية

Earth is third of the inner planets of the Sun It is twice as big as Mars . It has a solid مطح عاملة علمة عاملة

surface .it takes approximately 365 days to make a complete orbit of the Sun .It takes يتكون من غلاف جوي محور هــــا حول تدور

twenty four hours to spin round its own axis . Earth has an atmosphere consists of فصول

Nitrogen ,Oxygen and some other gases . Earth has seasons because its axis is not کوکب وحید فرید من نوعه مائل عامودي

vertical .It is tilted at an angle of 23° . Earth is a unique planet .It is the only planet عقتى بها خوى خياة

that has got life on it. It also has an atmosphere that helps us to live . We must care for نستطيع العيش حيث المكان الوحيد لأنها كوكب

our planet because it is the only place where we can live.

محادثات الكتاب المدرسي

	A	В	C
John:	Are you any good at fractions.		
Ahmad :	Not bad. Why?		
John:	Well, What's half a half ?	What's half a quarter?	What do you get if you subtract two-fifths from one ?
Ahmad :	A quarter .	An eighth	Three fifth .
John:	O.K. So what do you get if you add a half and a quarter?	O.K. So what do you get if you add a half and a eighth?	O.K. So what do you get if you add three – fifth and one-fifth?
Ahmad:	Three quarters .	Five eighth	Four- fifth
John:	And how do you express three-quarters as a percentage ?	And how do you express five-eighth as a percentage?	And how do you express four-eighths as a percentage?
Ahmad :	75%	62.5%	80%

<u>Unit two</u> Conversation

	Conversation					
	A	В	С			
Reporter	How did this animal	How did this <u>car</u>	How did this <i>fire start?</i>			
Warden	<u>die</u> ? It was <u>killed</u> by <u>poachers</u> .	<u>crash?</u> It was <u>crashed</u> by <u>a</u> <u>child ?</u>	It was <u>started</u> by <u>a</u> <u>worn out cable ?</u>			
Reporter	Poachers?	A child	A worn out cable ?			
Warden	Yes, men who hunt without permission.	Yes, <u>someone under</u> <u>seventeen</u> .	Yes, <u>a cable who was</u> <u>old and broken .</u>			
Warden	You saw some men driving away as we arrived, didn't you?	You saw some children running away as we arrived, didn't you?	You saw the cable running under the carpet, didn't you?			

Reporter	Yes, I did .	Yes, I did	Yes, I

	A	В	С
Reporter	You don't come from Saudi Arabia, do you?	You don't come from here, <u>do you?</u>	You don't come from Abqaiq, <u>do you?</u>
Traveler1	No I don't. I'm from the UAE.	<u>No I don't .</u> I'm from As-Salamah	<u>No I don't .</u> I'm from Riyadh
Reporter	Where are you flying to ?	Where are you going to?	Where are you traveling?
Traveler1	I was flying to Dubai when I met a friend from Dhahran .	I was <i>going</i> to Al- Azizeyah when I had an accident.	I was <i>driving home</i> when my car broke down .
	Now , I'm making a stopover in Dhahran .	Now , I'm waiting for a policeman .	Now, I'm waiting for the train.
Reporter	And how about you sir, where are you going?	And how about you sir, what are you doing?	And how about you sir, what are youwaiting for?
Traveler2	<u>I'm going to</u> <u>Dhahran</u>	<u>I'm waiting for a</u> policeman	I'm waiting the train .

Unit four Conversation

	A	В	С
Roger:	Ramadan lasts for a month , doesn't it?	Their course lasts for 1 year , doesn't it?	Her holiday lasts for 1 year , doesn't it?

-			-
Ahmad:	Yes, it does .	Yes, it does .	Yes, it does .
Roger:	But you didn't fast the hole of Ramadan last year <u>, did you</u>	But they didn't attend the course in April . <u>did they</u>	But she didn't have six weeks last year <u>, did</u> <u>she</u> ?
Ahmad:	<i>No, I didn't</i> . I was ill .	No, they didn't . they	No, she didn't . she
	Something special happens at the end of Ramadan, doesn't it?	had a holiday. Something special happens at the end of the course, doesn't it?	had five . Something special happens at the end of the holiday , <u>doesn't it?</u>
	Yes, it does .	Yes, it does .	Yes, it does
	A	В	С
Alan:	Does a planet radiate light ?	Does our solar system consist of stars ?	Does a factory ship hunt elephants?
Khaled:	No, it doesn't .	No, it doesn't .	<u>No, it doesn't .</u>
Alan:	Well, do planets reflect light?	Well, does our solar system consist of planets?	Well, Do factory ships hunt whales?
Khaled	Yes, they do	Yes, they do.	Yes, they do
Alan :	Are you interested in stars ?	Are you interested in the planets ?	Are you interested in the conservation?
Khaled:	Yes, I am.	Yes, I am .	Yes, I am .
Alan:	Are they far away?	Are they near to us?	Is it important ?
Khaled	Yes, they are .	Yes, they are .	Yes, it is .
Alan:	Is the sun a star?	Is Venus a planet?	Is the Oryx endangered?
Khaled:	yes, it is .	yes, it is .	yes, it is .

<u>Unit Six</u> Conversation

	\boldsymbol{A}	В	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$
John:	_We wanted to increase production .	_We wanted to study Mars .	We wanted to dig one of the longest canals?

You 've certainly done You 've certainly You 've certainly done that, but *hasn't it* been done that, but hasn't that, but *hasn't it* been it been difficult? expensive? dangerous? Yes, it has. Yes, it has. Yes, it has. Fortunately, we got Fortunately, we got Fortunately, we got help. help. help. Ah. You've had Arab Ah. You've had Ah. You've had expert Aid? scientific help? help? Yes, we have. Yes, we have. Yes, we have.

<u>Unit 1</u> <u>page 6</u>

The writing book Exercises

Page: 7 The water cycle

The heat of the sun makes tiny drops of water evaporate from the sea . They rise into the sky and sometimes form clouds .The clouds are sometimes blown over the land .when the drops become too heavy , they fall as rain .The water becomes a river .It goes into a reservoir behind a dam .It is used in people's houses for washing ,drinking and for the toilet .

....The
2- it. The
3-clouds .These
4-heavy,rain
5- drains
6-water moves
7-is
8-drinking

unit 2 page 9

1- like <u>s</u>	2- fall <u>s</u>	3-express <u>es</u>	4-worr <u>ies</u>	5- subtract <u>s</u>
6-shine <u>s</u>	7-add <u>s</u>	8-rise <u>s</u>	9-say <u>s</u>	
		*****	***	

2-adding ed:page 10

2-added	3-described	4-tested	5-worried
6-asked	7-liked	8-practised	9-expressed
0-askeu		o-pracuseu *******	-

adding ing/ page 10

2- rising	3- getting	4- running	5- becoming
6-blowing	7-describing	8-making	9- falling
*******	********	*******	**************************************

The Arabian Oryx/ page 13

The Arabian Oryx comes from the Arabian Peninsula .It has a white coat with black markings on the face ., sides and legs and weighs about 100kilos .It has two almost straight horns ,side by side .

By 1972 there were no Arabian oryx left in the wild this was

P 44 7 4 1 1 1
2-South
3-It
4-kilos,it
5-one.

Because they had been hunted for their meat and because of damage to their environment .However, a zoo herd had been established in Arizona, USA, in 1952 .As a result, the species was saved and today about 85 Arabian oryx have been reintroduced into the wild.

6By
7-wild.This
8-skins.Horns
9-had
10result,the
-rhinoceroses
12- have

page 18

2-was

4-was

6-flew

8-to

3-1947.

5-long and

7-speed was

9-minutes

Unit 3/ page 16

- 1. This plane flies to Riyadh and to Jeddah.
- 2. It does not take long by train or by car but It is faster by plane.
- 3. This plane flies to Dhahran. The airport in Jeddah is very new.
- 4. They saw Mr. Al-Ali on Khaled Street and he said "Hello" to them.
- 5. My father met Doctor Al-Nasser in Dhahran but he did not meet him in Riyadh.

<u>/ page 19</u>

The Boeing 747in the Service of Saudia

page : 22

- 1- Riyadh, Hofuf and Dhahran were on the route in 1954. however, other towns were added in 1956.

<u>page 24/25</u>

In EGYPT , many Muslims break their fast with dates before they pray .After families have eaten and drunk , they go to mosques and public places .Children carry coloured lanterns .They knock at the doors of houses to ask for sweets .

People stay up late during Ramadan but most get some sleep . Just before dawn ,

movement can be heard again in the houses .They're getting up to eat before the day begins

|--|

2In
3-pray.After
4-drunk,
5-family, they
6- Eid, too.
7-Ramadan
8- dawn
9-begins.

Unit 5 Page:28

1-Mars has an atmosphere ,but its gases are not the same as earth's . page 30

2-Mars's temperature is not the same as Venus's, is it? No,it's 30. Our sun has nine planets . These planets' orbits are all different .

2- Spelling :page 28

1-lives 2-watches 3-potatoes 4-pens 5-apples 6-families

******** page 31

The planet Mars

Nine planets orbit the sun. Mars is the fourth of the inner ones. It is about 228 million kilometres from the sun. Its diameter is around 6,790kilometres. There are 687 in a year on Mars. A day lasts twenty four hours and thirty seven minutes Mars's axis is notvertical. It is tilted at an angle of about 24°.

Mars's average temperature is 30°C . Its atmosphere consists of nearly 100% carbon dioxide. Mars has water vapour and ice .

Its surface does not move. There is no life on Mars.

Unit 6 page 33

- 1- Arab aid go to Africa and Asia.
- 2- We can visit Khaled and we can visit Faisal but we can not visit
- 3- The raw material comes from trees We had financial help.

Page 34

- 1-You can have a blue book or red book but you can't have them both.
- 3- Mr. Lim is an agricultural expert, and the reporter interviewed him about agriculture.

 page 36
- 3-Malysia produces rubber, but Saudi Arabia does not.
- 4- He borrowed some money and built a house.
- 5-We had financial help but still could not do it.

page 37

The OPEC Special fund was established in 1976 and started with \$1.6 billion capital. Since then , it has lent money to more than 110 different countries .This money has been spent mostly on the world's poorest nations .

The borrowers usually have 20 to 25 years to repay and there is no interest on the loans .The fund does not wait for countries to ask for a loan . It offers money to needy .

2-planets 3- 108,000,000 4- Its 5- days 6- Venus's 7-axis is not 8- Its 9-consists It There is Move. There

2-for
3- established
4- has lent
5-project.This
6- Arab.
7-countries
8- repay, and
9-years . The
10Arab
11-but
countries .